- 3. 形容詞的用法 ~するための
 - ①修飾する名詞が to-do の目的語の場合

I need something to eat. He has a lot of work to do today.

②修飾する名詞が前置詞の目的語の場合←英作注意!!

I have looked for a house to live in.

I need something to write with. →鉛筆・ペン

I need something to write on. →紙・ノート

I need something to write about. $\rightarrow \mathcal{F} - \mathcal{P}$

③修飾する名詞(の内容)を説明する場合

We need someone to give us advice.

Neil Armstrong was the first man to walk on the moon.

He has the ability to talk with animals.

The mayor announced the plan to make our city better.

- 4. 副詞的用法 ~するために →6つ
 - ①目的 ~するために I went shopping to buy a training machine.
 - ②結果 ~そして He grew up to be a teacher.
 - ③感情の原因 ~して I'm glad to see you.
 - ④判断の根拠 ~するなんて He must be very kind to help me.
 - ⑤形 🗐 の程度 ~するのに This question is very difficult to answer.
 - ⑥条件 もし~ To hear him play the piano, you will like his play.

筋トレする

5, 重要その他

否定

not to do / never to do: to 不定詞の左に置く

I decided to train today.

I decided not to train today. 筋トレしない

After that, I decided <u>never to</u> take a rest. 二度と休まない